

The **Multi-Purpose Sling** can be used for a number of patient types and transfers. Primarily, it is used for patients with single or double amputations. It is also used when sling contact to the inner thigh is not preferred, such as cases of patients with large thighs or sensitive skin. Its unique design enables the caregiver to apply and remove this sling when patient is in seated position. It lifts a patient in a seated or semi-reclined position. Mesh material is available for bathing.

Features:

- 1,000 lbs weight capacity
- Made from rip stop polyester — if punctured or torn, it will not rip
- 4-point hook up — attaches to any 2 or 4-point hook and loop sling attachment system
- Antimicrobial Protection — inhibits growth of microbes such as bacteria, mold and mildew that can cause stains, odors, and product deterioration (Excludes disposables)




Sling Part Numbers:	Size/Strap Color	Polyester	Mesh
	Small (Black)	400024	400044
	Medium (Blue)	400025	400046
	Large (Yellow)	400026	400048
	X-Large (White)	400027	400047

Recommended Sling Size:

Small	Medium	Large	X-Large
0-100 lbs.	100-210 lbs.	210-310 lbs.	310-450 lbs.


*Sizing chart is only a guide. Different patient body types including height and width can affect the fit of the sling. Caregiver must determine correct size for patients.

*Proper patient and risk assessment is always required when deciding which sling type and application is to be used. Always refer to your institutional policies and procedures to ensure appropriate techniques are being used.



Washing Instructions:

- Machine wash in soap solution
- Max washing temperature: 165° F
- Rinse thoroughly
- Do not bleach
- Do not dry clean



Drying Instructions:

- Hang or tumble dry
- Max drying temperature: 175° F
- Do not overload dryer
- Do not place with direct heat source in dryer

***WIPING:** Between uses, Accel® TB or similar products can be used to clean this product. Follow the manufacturer's guidelines when cleaning. When soiled, please follow the washing instructions.

*Disposable slings are designed such that laundry is not required nor allowed. Therefore, the sling should be disposed of any time there is visible soiling of the sling and replaced with a new disposable sling.

Sling Inspection:



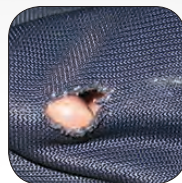
Use of Bleach

The use of bleach for cleaning any Medcare manufactured sling is not encouraged. Using bleach will reduce the "life" of the sling. Bleach is known to speed up fabric deterioration while causing fading and discoloration. If your facility is using bleach to launder slings it is imperative to inspect for premature wearing on a regular basis. This will ensure a safe transfer for the patient and caregiver.



Loose Stitching

Any loose stitching on the sling, even if it is only supportive stitching, weakens that area and puts more strain on other areas of the sling.



Fraying

Any fraying of the material on the sling or belt is a clear indication that the fabric is in a weakened condition. Slings and belts with fraying should be removed from service immediately.

Rips or Burns in Material

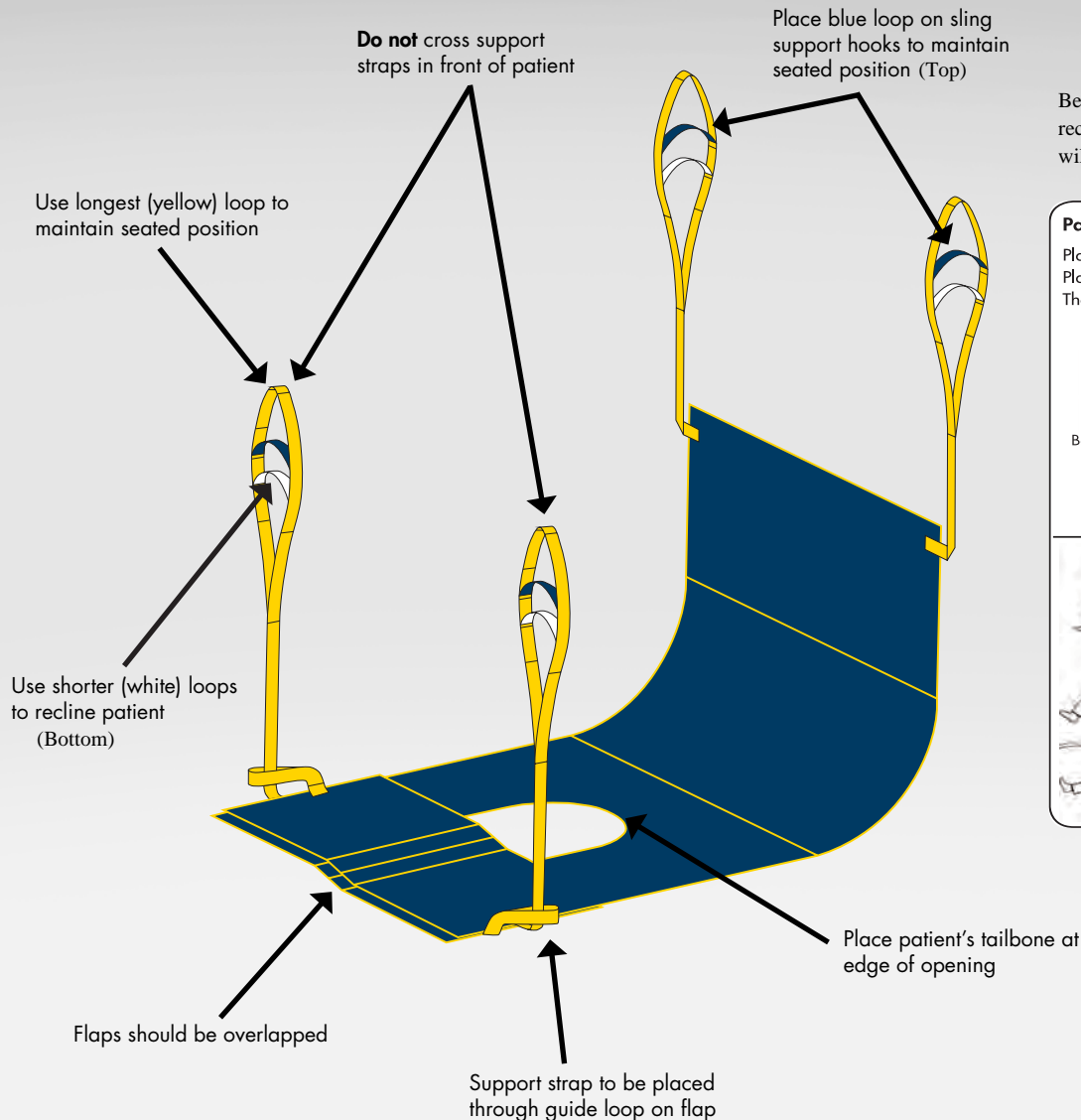
Tears in fabric can spread and cause excess strain to be put on other areas of the sling. Slings and belts with rips, tears or burns should be removed from service immediately.

Time or Duration of Use

The longevity of a Medcare sling is determined by frequency of use and washes, washing and drying temperatures, detergent/disinfectants, patient weight, and incontinence. Average life expectancy of a sling ranges from 6 months to 3 years and is impacted by many variables.

Items which impact integrity of slings:

- Frequency of use
- Frequency of washes between use
- Washing temperature
- Drying temperature
- Detergents and disinfectants
- Amount of weight lifted
- Patient incontinence
- Age of sling



Below guidelines may vary as the degree of recumbence when weight is fully suspended will differ for each patient.

Patient Positioning in Sling:

Place SHOULDER STRAP on TOP HOOK.
Place LEG STRAP on BOTTOM HOOK.
These can work vice versa.

Position	(Top) Shoulder Strap	(Bottom) Leg Strap
Seated	Blue (Middle)	Yellow (Longer)
Partial Recline	Yellow (Longer)	Yellow (Longer)
Full Recline	Yellow (Longer)	White (Shorter)

1. From a wheelchair, stand in front of the patient while leaning them forward.
2. With sling handles facing away from the patient, center sling down patient's spine.
3. Align "U" shaped material to the base of the tail bone.
4. Slide material around the hip and along the leg, keeping the material as flat as possible.
5. Each side has flaps that need to be placed under both legs causing an overlapping of material. This will create a "hammock" style sling.
6. On each side, insert the support strap through the guide loop on flap (see above diagram).
7. Attach support straps loops to the hanger bar (see above diagram to identify positioning hook up points).

Only people who have received proper training should attempt to use Medicare Lift Systems. Improper use can lead to serious injury.

To ensure anyone using Medicare's Lift Systems is properly trained, an on-going training program should be established. Contact your Medicare Safe Patient Handling Consultant, or Medicare Technical Support at 1-800-695-4479 should you have further questions.

Please read and adhere to the following guidelines:

1. Read all lift instructions before using.
2. Do not exceed safe weight capacity.
3. Visually inspect the sling prior to using it (check for fraying, cuts, or tears to straps and/or material).
4. Position the sling, per the provided instructions, around the individual.
5. Do not use the lift systems for anything but their stated purpose.
6. All Medicare loop-style slings are compatible with Medicare and competitor's 2-, 4-, and 6-point carry bars.